*Commentary* is for information only. Proposed new language is <u>double-underlined</u>. Proposed deleted language is <u>stricken</u>.

CB XX-XX

## ORDINANCE NO.

AN ORDINANCE	
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# THE CITY OF GRESHAM DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

# **Section 1.** Section 3.0100, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
*** Section 3.0103 General Terms and Definitions	
***  Agriculture. A commercial enterprise that consists of farming, including plowing, cropping, seeding, cultivating or harvesting for the production of food or fiber products; the grazing and raising of livestock; aquaculture, sod production, orchards, nurseries, and the cultivation of products. Home Occupations are not included in this definition.  ****	New definition. Agriculture is not allowed within the city, but it must be defined in order to describe what is not allowed. Beekeeping, chicken egg production and the growing and sale of plants, fruits and vegetables as outlined in Section 10.0500 is not considered "agriculture."
<b>Antenna.</b> A structure designed for transmitting signals to a receiver or receiving station or for receiving television, radio, data, communication, or other signals from other antennas, satellites or other services transmission facilities.	Clarification.
Antenna Support Structure. A tower, pole, mast, buildings supporting existing Wireless Communication Facilities, or other structure that is intended to support an antenna.  ***	One of the primary uses of a building is not typically to serve as an Antenna Support Structure unless the Wireless Communication Facility already exists.
Co-locate. The location of two or more antennas operated by separate providers on the same support structure.  ***	Co-locates include two or more antennas regardless of provider status.  Verizon has commented

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
	that this definition should read: "Co-locate: The mounting or installation of antenna and/or associated equipment on an existing antenna support structure."
Driveway (Drive). An area that provides access for vehicles to a site. A private roadway providing access for vehicles to a parking space, garage, dwelling, or other structure.  ***	This change will prevent the parking of vehicles so that the front façade is blocked such that visibility of the sidewalk and street is impeded and the aesthetics of the area is compromised. The standards are found in Section 9.0870.
	GRC 8.25.050(3) will also be changed to reference that no vehicle may be parked in the front yard exclusive of the driveway (it currently reads that parking is allowed on the "parking surface").
<b>Easement, General Utility.</b> A specific described area of land that is dedicated and recorded for public utility uses including water, sewer, stormwater, electricity, natural gas, telephone lines, communications and for maintenance access to such uses.	Clarification.
***	
<ul> <li>Façade. All exterior walls or faces of a building facing a public way or space.</li> <li>Base. The lower portion of the building façade adjacent to the ground. This may include windows, texture, projections, awnings, canopies, ornamental detailing, etc. to enhance the pedestrian realm.</li> <li>Top. The upper portion of a building façade. This may include cornice detailing, roofs, dormers, and gable ends, etc.</li> </ul>	Clarification that ALL façades are to be considered in the design of a building. On occasion, staff has received arguments that only street facing façades or portions

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
<ul> <li>Prominent Façade Sections. Select areas of buildings which shall receive special design attention due to their location. These include building corners that front intersections of public streets or façade sections facing an intersection of two arterials that are a higher classification than minor arterial and façade sections that terminate the view down a right - of - way or primary internal drive.</li> </ul>	of facades should be considered.
***  Marijuana Business. A medical marijuana business, a recreational	Marijuana businesses will
marijuana business, a marijuana testing laboratory or a marijuana research facility.	be listed in the Permitted Uses Tables. This is the same definition used in the GRC.
Micro/mini cell. A Wireless Communication Facility located on private property characterized by small antennas that are located on utility poles, lights or buildings that are designed to provide enhanced communication to a geographically limited area and are limited to a maximum of three cubic feet in size.  ***	New definition. Currently, micro/mini cells are cylindrical in shape, but that may change as technology advances, so there is no reference to physical dimensions in this definition.
	Verizon has commented that this definition should read as follows:
	"Small Cell Facility. A compact Wireless Communications Facility containing its own transceiver equipment and function like cells in a mobile network, but it provides a smaller coverage area than traditional macrocells. A Small Cell Facility will meet the size limitations defined herein. Each small cell antenna shall be no more than three (3) cubic feet in volume. Each Small Cell Facility will include a separate equipment enclosure or cabinet. A Small Cell Facility may be part of a Small Cell Network, which

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
	is a collection of functionally related Small Cell Facilities designed to deliver wireless communication service and may be located on one or more towers, poles, buildings or other structures within and/or outside of the public right-of-way."
Public Place. A public park, LRT station, right-of-way or public easement that accommodates pedestrians.  ***	This new term is used in the definition of "visible" and also needs to be defined.
Radio Frequency (RF) Facility. A land use that generates, detects or processes RF energy for purposes of wireless telecommunication via antennas by means of transceivers, transmitters and/or receivers, and, including antennas; feedlines; structures or towers to support antennas, feedlines, and other receiving and/or transmitting devices; transmitters, receivers, and transceivers; accessory equipment, development and structures; and the land on which they all are situated.  ***	Change reflects all types of communication.  Verizon has asked if WiFi facilities should be excluded.
Satellite-Receive-only Antenna. An antenna which receives television or radio signals from satellites, ground based transmitting broadcast towers or other facilities.  ***	Updated definition to reflect current technology.
Remodel. Changes to an existing building that result in the demolition of less than 50% of its exterior walls, no additional floors and no additions that result in new street facing façades. Subsequent applications for remodels may be applied for a minimum of one year after the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy for the prior remodel.  ***	This new definition will curb the possibility that some structures could be partially demolished and rebuilt without meeting Code standards.
Street Tree. A tree within the public right of way along a street between the curb and sidewalk. A tree located in the public right-ofway between the curb, or edge of roadway, and the property line. Trees located within a public right-of-way where no roadway exists are not considered street trees.  ***	This revision takes into account various types of street improvement scenarios.

#### **Proposed Amendment**

# Commentary

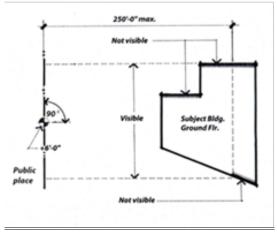
**Utility Facilities.** See Habitat Conservation Area Definitions, Section 3.0120. Buildings, structures or any constructed portion of a system which provides for the production or transmission of heat, light, water, power, natural gas, sanitary sewer, stormwater, telephone, and cable television, communication and data. Utility facilities do not include stormwater pre-treatment facilities.

Moving definition from HCA definitions to its proper location and grammatical correction.

\*\*\*

<u>Visible.</u> A structure is visible if its ground floor façade can be seen when viewed from 6 feet above grade, at a 90 degree angle from, and within 250 feet of the abutting property line of the public place.

New definition and graphic that will assist in determining the implementation of Design Standards.



\*\*\*

Wireless Communication Facility Tower or WCF Tower. A monopole or other unattached structure not attached to a building that is erected to support wireless communication facility antennas and connecting appurtenances.

\*\*\*

# Section 3.0120 Habitat Conservation Area (HCA) Related Terms and Definitions

\*\*\*

Utility Facilities. Buildings, structures or any constructed portion of a system which provides for the production or transmission of heat, light, water, power, natural gas, sanitary sewer, stormwater, telephone, and cable television, communication and data. Utility facilities do not include stormwater pre-treatment facilities.

\*\*\*

#### 3.0150 Tree Related Terms and Definitions

\*\*\*

**Tree Topping.** The practice of cutting the dominant central stem or the most ascending branches leaving stubs or lateral branches that are too small to assume the role of a terminal leader. <u>Generally, c Cutting back the central stem or any ascending branch dominant or most ascending stem to a diameter exceeding 15 percent of the tree's diameter at breast</u>

Clarification.

Moved to General Terms and Definitions.

Clearer definition; graphic displays a tree that has been properly pruned and one that has been topped.

# Proposed Amendment height (DBH), or as determined by a Certified Arborist, will be considered topping. Proposed Amendment height (DBH), or as determined by a Certified Arborist, will be considered topping. Proposed Amendment NOTE: This graphic will be revised to be clearer. STUB (NO TERMINAL LEADER) TREE TRUNK DIAMETER TREE TRUNK DIAMETER

# **Section 2.** Section 3.0200, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
***	·
3.0231 Auto-Dependent Use	
***	Receive only antennas are
C. Accessory Uses. Vacuum islands, offices, receive only antennas.	referenced as accessory to residential uses, but they
3.0232 Business and Retail Services and Trade	need to be included as
***	accessory to commercial, institutional and industrial
C. Accessory Uses. Offices, storage of goods and equipment, manufacture and repackaging of goods for on-site sale (i.e. for a bakery or brewpub), fleet parking, and amenities for employees of the building such as a small health club facility and cafeteria, receive-only antennas.  ***	districts.
3.0233 Clinics ***	
C. Accessory Uses. Medical laboratories, receive-only antennas.  ***	
3.0324 Commercial Parking ***	
C. Accessory Uses. Attendant kiosk, receive-only antennas. ***	
3.0235 Daycare Facilities  ***	
C. Accessory Uses. Indoor and outdoor activity areas, offices, cafeteria and cooking facilities to serve the daycare attendees and staff, receive-only antennas.  ***	

# **Proposed Amendment** Commentary 3.0237 Major Event Entertainment C. Accessory Uses. Lodging, restaurants, bars, concessions, spectator medical treatment, and-maintenance facilities, receive-only antennas. 3.0238 Mini-Storage Facilities C. Accessory Uses. Security and leasing offices, receive-only antennas. 3.0230 Outdoor Commercial C. Accessory Uses. Offices, receive-only antennas. 3.0250 Industrial Classifications 3.0251 Construction C. Accessory Uses. On-site material storage and incidental retail; receive-only antennas. \*\*\* 3.0352 Exclusive Heavy Industrial C. Accessory Uses. Sorting, storage and transfer facilities, receive-only antennas. \*\*\* 3.0253 Industrial Office C. Accessory Uses. Equipment storage and amenities for employees of the building such as a small health club facility and cafeteria; receiveonly antennas. \*\*\* 3.0254 Information Services C. Accessory Uses. Amenities for employees of the building such as a small health club and cafeteria, receive-only antennas. \*\*\* 3.0255 Manufacturing C. Accessory Uses. Offices, warehouses, storage yards, rail spur lines, docks, repair facilities, fleet parking, and amenities for employees of the building such as a small health club facility or cafeteria, receiveonly antennas. \*\*\*

# **Proposed Amendment** Commentary 3.0256 Miscellaneous Industrial C. Accessory Uses. Offices, warehouses, fleet parking, storage yards, and amenities for employees of the building such as a small health club or cafeteria, receive-only antennas. 3.0257 Trade Schools C. Offices, food service, laboratories, meeting areas, maintenance facilities, and incidental retail trade (i.e. bookstore), receive-only antennas. \*\*\* 3.0258 Transportation/Distribution \*\*\* C. Accessory Uses. Loading docks, temporary outdoor storage, fleet parking, will call window, offices, and maintenance areas,; receive-only antennas. \*\*\* 3.0259 Warehousing/Storage C. Accessory Uses. Offices and maintenance areas, recycling drop box, receive-only antennas. 3.0260 Waste Management C. Accessory Uses. Fleet parking and maintenance, energy generation through recovery, offices, and materials recycling; receive-only antennas. \*\*\* 3.0261 Wholesale Trade C. Accessory Uses. Offices, product repair, warehouses, minor fabrication services, and repackaging of goods, receive-only antennas. **3.0271. Civic Uses**

\*\*\*

C. Accessory Uses. Offices, meeting areas, fleet parking, community gardens, and amenities for employees of the building such as a small health club facility and cafeteria, receive only antennas.

# **Proposed Amendment** Commentary 3.0272 Community Services C. Accessory Uses. Offices, meeting areas, food preparation area, health and therapy areas, daycare, community gardens, and athletic facilities, receive-only antennas. 3.0273. Medical C. Accessory Uses. Administrative offices, food service, medical office buildings, clinics, laboratories, teaching facilities, conference facilities, incidental retail trade, maintenance facilities, community gardens, and amenities for employees of the building such as a small health club facility, receive-only antennas. Accessory uses subject to a Special Use Review include Heliports. \*\*\* 3.0274 Parks, Open Spaces and Trails C. Accessory Uses. Club houses, maintenance facilities, concessions, information kiosks, shelters, restrooms, community gardens, and picnic tables, receive-only antennas. 3.0275 Religious Institutions C. Accessory Uses. Sunday school facilities, daycare facilities to be used during service hours only, retail limited to institutional functions, community gardens, and offices, receive-only antennas. \*\*\* **3.0276 Schools** C. Accessory Uses. Daycare, cafeterias, recreational and sport facilities, athletic fields, auditoriums, offices, student housing, laboratories, meeting areas, maintenance facilities, portable classrooms, community gardens, and support commercial (bookstore, school supplies), receive-only antennas. Schools may provide some programming in trades. \*\*\* 3.0280 Renewable Energy 3.0281 Solar Energy Systems \*\*\*

\*\*\*

C. Accessory Uses. Electrical cabinet containing wires, electrical inverters, batteries, water storage tanks, water heaters, motors, and

transmission equipment, receive-only antennas.

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
3.0282. Wind Energy Systems	
*** C. Accessory Uses. Electrical cabinet or equipment shelters containing wires, motors, and transmission equipment and monopoles, receiveonly antennas.  ***	
3.0283. Biomass Energy Systems ***	
C. Accessory Uses. Electrical cabinets, motors, and transmission equipment, receive - only antennas.  ***	
3.0284. Geothermal Energy Systems ***	
C. Accessory Uses. Electrical cabinets, motors, and transmission equipment, receive-only antennas.  ***	
3.0285 Micro-Hydro Energy Systems ***	
B. Accessory Uses. In-pipe water turbines, <u>receive-only antennas</u> .  ***	
3.0291 Basic Utilities  ***	
C. Accessory Uses. Control, monitoring, data or transmission equipment, and emergency generators, receive-only antennas.  ***	
3.0292 Heliport Facilities  ***	
C. Accessory Uses. Peripheral areas, hangers, parking pads, passenger terminals, refueling facilities, and helicopter repair and service areas.  ***	
3.0293 Wireless Communication Facilities  ***	
B. Example Uses. New or existing Wireless Communication Facility towers, including support structures; co-location of wireless communication facilities or radio and television towers that do not meet the requirements of Section 10.0601 and Section 10.0602 or Section 10.1011.	Refinement that includes references to exceptions. Clarification that radio and TV towers are WCFs. Citations in definition refer to WCF Co-Location Standards and Private

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
	Communication Facilities (Receive-Only Antennas and Amateur Radio and Citizen Band Antennas).
	<b>Verizon</b> has requested that Small Cell Facilities be included here.
C. Accessory Uses. Antennas, cabinets, other enclosed structures containing electronic equipment, cables, wires, conduits, <u>back-up</u> <u>power supply</u> , or other transmission and reception devices.	Additional accessory use noted.
D. Exceptions.  1. Wireless Communication Facilities that meet the requirements of Section 10.0601 and Section 10.0602 or Section 10.1010 and Section 10.1011.	Exceptions are outlined. Citations in definition refer to WCF Co-Location Standards and Private Communication Facilities (Receive-Only Antennas and Amateur Radio and Citizen Band Antennas).

# **Section 3.** Section 4.0102, Development Code, is amended as follows:

\*\*\*

Commentary: <u>NOTE:</u> This commentary is meant to explain the changes to <u>each</u> of the Permitted Use Tables found within Article 4 of the Gresham Community Development Code (Sections 4.0100 – 4.1500).

GRC Article 9.63 regulates Marijuana Businesses, registration of such businesses, standards of operation, locations and required distances from select uses, inspections and enforcement. The Development Code houses Permitted Uses Tables that are used to determine whether certain land uses are allowed, limited or prohibited in the various land use districts.

The changes addressed in the Permitted Uses Tables below will reflect the land use districts in which Marijuana Businesses are already housed within the GRC. All changes to the Permitted Uses Tables are being grouped together for ease of explanation.

<u>NOTE:</u> Verizon has recommended that Wireless Communication Facilities should not be subject to Special Use Review in the Industrial Land Use Districts in order to promote their location in those districts. The City is not pursuing this change at this point in time.

Table 4.0120: Permitted Uses in the Residential Land Use Districts

USES	LDR-5	LDR-7	TLDR	TR	MDR-12	MDR-24	OFR
***							
OTHER							
Basic Utilities							
Minor basic utilities	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	L/SUR <sup>5</sup>						
Heliports <sup>6</sup>	NP						
Wireless Communications Facilities	SUR						
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Marijuana Businesses	<u>NP</u>						

Notes

\*\*\*\*

# **Section 4.0220, Development Code, is amended as follows:**

\*\*\*

Table 4.0220: Permitted Uses in the Commercial Land Use Districts

USES	NC
***	
OTHER	
Basic Utilities	
Minor basic utilities	Р
Major basic utilities	SUR
Heliports <sup>4</sup>	NP
Wireless Communication Facilities	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р
Marijuana Businesses	<u>L 11</u>

Notes

\*\*\*\*

<sup>11</sup> For limitations, see **GRC 9.63.090**.

# Section 5. Section 4.0320, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Table 4.0320: Permitted Uses in the Industrial Land Use Districts

USES	HI	GI
***		
OTHER		
Basic Utilities		
Minor basic utilities	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	SUR	SUR
Heliports	SUR	SUR
Wireless Communication Facilities	SUR	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р
<u>Marijuana Businesses</u>	<u>L14</u>	<u>L14</u>

Notes:

\*\*\*

**Section 6.** Section 4.0420, Development Code, is amended as follows:

\*\*\*

Table 4.0420: Permitted Uses in the Corridor Land Use Districts

USES	RTC	SC	SC-RJ	CMF	CMU	CC	MC
***							
OTHER							
Basic Utilities							
Minor basic utilities	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	SUR	SUR	SUR	L/SUR <sup>16</sup>	SUR	SUR	SUR
Heliports <sup>17</sup>	SUR	NP	NP	NP	NP	SUR	NP
Wireless Communication Facilities	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Marijuana Businesses	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>L</u> 25	<u>L</u> 25

Table 4.0420 Notes

\*\*\*

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**Section 7.** Section 4.1120, Development Code, is amended as follows:

\*\*\*

Table 4.1120: Permitted Uses in the Downtown Plan District

USES	DCC	DMU	DTM	DEM	DRL-1	DRL-2	DCL
***							
OTHER							
***	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses							
Marijuana Businesses	<u>NP</u>						

Table 4.1120 Notes

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 $13 - ORDINANCE NO. XX/XX/XX\PT$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> For limitations, see **GRC 9.63.090**.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> For limitations, see GRC 9.63.090.

# **Section 8.** Section 4.1220, Development Code, is amended as follows:

\*\*\*

Table 4.1220: Permitted Uses in the Civic Neighborhood Plan District

USES	TDM-C	TDH-C	HDR-C	MDR-C
***				
OTHER				
Basic Utilities				
Minor basic utilities	Р	Р	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	SUR	SUR	L/SUR <sup>10</sup>	L/SUR <sup>10</sup>
Heliports	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR
Wireless Communication Facilities	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р	Р	Р
Marijuana Businesses	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>

Table 4.1220 Notes

\*\*\*

# **Section 9.** Section 4.1400, Development Code, is amended as follows:

\*\*\*

Table 4.1407: Permitted Uses in the Pleasant Valley District – Residential

USES	LDR-PV	MDR-PV	HDR-PV
***			
OTHER			
Basic Utilities			
Minor basic utilities	Р	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	L/SUR <sup>5</sup>	L/SUR <sup>5</sup>	L/SUR <sup>5</sup>
Heliports <sup>6</sup>	NP	NP	NP
Wireless Communication Facilities	SUR	SUR	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р	Р
<u>Marijuana Businesses</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>

**Table 4.1407 Notes** 

\*\*\*

Table 4.1420: Permitted Uses in the Pleasant Valley District Mixed Use and Employment

USES	TC-PV	NC-PV	MUE-PV	EC-PV
***				
OTHER				
Basic Utilities				
Minor basic utilities	Р	Р	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	L/SUR <sup>15</sup>	L/SUR <sup>15</sup>	L/SUR <sup>15</sup>	SUR
Heliports	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR
Wireless Communications Facilities	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р	Р	Р
Marijuana Businesses	<u>NP</u>	<u>L</u> 23	<u>NP</u>	<u>L</u> 23

Table 4.1420 Notes

<sup>23</sup> For limitations, see **GRC 9.63.090**.

# **Section 10.** Section 4.1500, Development Code, is amended as follows:

\*\*\*

Table 4.1507: Permitted Uses in the Springwater District –Residential

USES	VLDR-SW	LDR-SV	V THR-SW <sup>6</sup>
***			
OTHER			
Basic Utilities			
Minor basic utilities	P	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	L/SUR <sup>5</sup>	L/SUR <sup>5</sup>	L/SUR <sup>5</sup>
Heliports <sup>7</sup>	NP	NP	NP
Wireless Communication Facilities	SUR	SUR	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р	Р
Marijuana Businesses	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>

## Notes

\*\*\*

Table 4.1520: Permitted Uses in the Springwater District Mixed-Use, Employment and Industrial

USES	VC-SW	RTI-SW	IND-SW <sup>17</sup>	NC-SW
***				
OTHER				
Basic Utilities				
Minor basic utilities	Р	Р	Р	Р
Major basic utilities	SUR <sup>19</sup>	SUR	SUR	SUR
Heliports	SUR	SUR	SUR	NP
Wireless Communications Facilities	SUR	SUR	SUR	SUR
Temporary, Intermittent & Interim Uses	Р	Р	Р	Р
Marijuana Businesses	NP	<u>L</u> 27	<u>L</u> 27	<u>L</u> 27

#### **Notes**

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**Section 11.** Section 4.0150, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
4.0150 Poultry, and Livestock and Beekeeping	Per the GRC, beekeeping is
	allowed as an accessory use to
***	single family detached dwellings
See also the Gresham Revised Code <u>Article 7.17</u> for the keeping of	in which the beekeeper resides.
chickens and Gresham Revised Code Article 7.18 for beekeeping	A reference is provided here for
on lots containing single family detached homes.	clarity.
***	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> For limitations, see **GRC 9.63.090**.

# **Section 12.** Section 4.1242, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
4.1212 Architectural Design Review Guidelines ***	
G. 11. All roof and wall-mounted mechanical, electrical, communications, and service equipment, including-satellite dishes receive-only antennas greater than one meter in diameter and vent pipes, shall be removed or screened from public view by parapets, walls, fences, dense evergreen foliage, or by other suitable means.  ***	The small receive only antennas currently used should not warrant the need for screening.

# Section 13. Section 5.0415, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
Section 5.0415 Consistency and Relationship with Other	
Regulations	
***	
E. Regulated Tree, Significant Tree, and Required Tree removals within HCA areas shall meet the applicable removal and tree protection standards of Section 9.1000. All mitigation and replacement requirements shall comply with applicable provisions of the HCA Section 5.0400. Tree removal activities that include disturbance or alteration of undeveloped HCA area exceeding 200 square feet shall be subject to full Type II or Type III provisions of the HCA code as outlined in Section 5.0400. HCA areas disturbed during tree removal activities shall be restored to their original condition when the tree removal is complete.  ***	Requiring mitigation under HCA standards when Significant and Required trees are removed would result in tree overcrowding and tree failure.

# **Section 14.** Section 6.0321, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
***	
Table 6.0321 Standards Allowed For PD	
Residential Units Permitted in VLDR-SW, LDR-5, LDR-7,	
TLDR and TR ***	
<sup>5</sup> It shall be demonstrated that general <u>utilities utility facilities</u> <u>such</u> as electric and telephone lines can be accommodated and, if necessary, <u>general</u> utility easements shall be provided. ***	Clearer and updated language.

**Section 15.** Section 7.0003, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
7.0002. General ***	
D.8. Structures under 200 square feet not visible from a public place.  ***	Non-residential structures of under 200 square feet do not require a building permit. Such small structures that cannot be seen from a public place do not have to adhere to any design standards or processes.
7.0003. Applications  ***  A. Design Review A. Design Review A is a Type I review reviewed as part of the building permit review, except in the case of structures described in Section 7.0003.A.4. where no building permit is required. Design Review A may apply when the primary use is not proposed to change. The Design Review may include one of the following:  ***	Exceptions are noted.
7.0003.A.4. Structures under 200 square feet that are visible from a public place and using all clear and objective	Such small non-residential structures that can be seen from a public place and propose the use of all clear and objective standards can be reviewed under the Type I DR-A process.
7.0003.A.5. Changes to individual façades of no more than one floor and no more than 160 feet in width that propose to use all clear and objective standards.  ***	This change simplifies the process for smaller façade upgrades when all clear and objective standards are met.
7.0003.C. Design Review C. Design Review C is a Type II review, but is not subject to a pre-application conference, with the exception of projects described in Section  7.0003.C.2, Section 7.0003.C.10 and Section 7.0003.C.11  that are subject to a pre-application conference but exempted from Neighborhood Meeting requirements of Section  11.0800. Design Review C may apply when there is: no increase in residential density that requires an increase in building area; no new buildings; or the development proposal is not in a Design District unless otherwise specified below. The Design Review may include one of the following:	DR-C reviews subject to Design Review standards will require a pre-app, but no Early Neighborhood meeting.

# **Proposed Amendment** 1. A change to the primary use. A change in use from an allowed commercial to a use subject to a Special Use Review, and the change back to an allowed commercial use, shall not be considered a change to the primary use for purposes of this section;

- 2. Duplexes in the Downtown Plan District. all land use and design districts except LDR-5, LDR-7, TR, TLDR, LDR-PV or LDR-SW;
- 3. A change to public facility requirements;
- **4.** A change to buffers, including an alternate buffer;
- **5.** A new driveway access;
- **6.** A change in landscaping requirements;
- 7. An expansion to an existing parking lot;
- **8.** A new parking lot;
- **9.** New Outdoor Area greater than the thresholds in **Sections 7.0003(A) and (B)**;

\*\*\*

Section 7.0003.C. 10. Projects in a Design District that exceed thresholds in Section 7.0003(A) and involve:

- The applicant seeking exclusively clear-and-objective (standards) review: and
- Addition of less than 50 feet of new building frontage along a street; and or
- Exterior façade updates that exceed one story or 160 feet in length. that changes less than 50 percent of the façade area; or

**Section 7.0003.C.11** Projects in a Design District that involve:

- The applicant seeking discretionary review of one to three a. standards; and
- Addition of less than 50 feet of new building frontage along a street; and or
- Exterior façade updates. that changes less than 50 percent of the facade area; or

\*\*\*

e. Structures less than 200 square feet in size that are visible from a public place.

\*\*\*

**Section 7.0003.D.** Design Review D. Design Review D is a Type II review and is subject to a pre-application conference. Design Review D is a review by the Manager. The following are Design Review D, when they are greater than the thresholds in 7.0003(A)-(C), proposing the use of no more than three discretionary standards and not subject to Design Review E.

Commentary

Clarification that only duplexes in the downtown require design review.

Proposes a reasonable level of review for façade changes using no more than three discretionary standards.

Proposes a reasonable level of review for façade changes using no more than three discretionary standards.

Smaller non-residential structures not visible from a public place using some discretionary standards warrants a mid-level review.

This change will allow DR-D applications to use no more than three discretionary standards. This will allow more projects to be reviewed at the staff level.

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
<b>Section 7.0003.E.</b> Design Review E. Design Review E is a Type	
III review and is subject to a pre-application conference. Design	
Review E is a review and decision by the Design Commission for	
applications within a Design District where clear and objective	
standards and discretionary guidelines have been established and	
that meet the following thresholds:	
<b>1.</b> Developments that include residential developments with five	
(5) or more <u>additional</u> units if the proposal is adjacent to	Clarifies that the DR-E review is
LDR-5, LDR-7, TR, TLDR, DRL-1, or DRL-2, LDR-PV and	triggered when the noted
LDR-SW districts or within TLDR, DRL-1 or DRL-2.	additional dwelling units are
2. Developments that include ten (10) or more <u>additional</u>	added to an existing multi-family
residential units if the proposal is adjacent to land use	development.
districts not specified in (1) above.	
***	
<u>5. Structures less than 200 square feet in size that are visible</u>	
from a public place proposing the use of more than three	The use of more than three discretionary standards for
discretionary standards.	small buildings and façade
6. Exterior façade updates that propose more than three	changes warrants review by the
discretionary standards.	Design Commission.

# **Section 16.** Section 7.0601, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
7.0601 Corridor Design District	
Commercial Design Guidelines and Standards	
A.	
***	
<b>Sections 7.0601 – 7.0603</b> do not apply to single family detached	
dwellings; duplexes; residential homes; transit but shelters; park	
and ride facilities; recycling drop boxes; utilities and public	
facilities (as described in <b>Appendix : Public Facilities</b> ); wireless	Correction to terminology.
communication facility facilities; antennas; public urban plazas and	
walking paths with associated trail access points and trailheads;	
non-building developments; developments (such as parking lots) in	
public parks; park related structures such as picnic shelters and	
public restrooms in public parks; cemeteries; sewerage or drainage	
system structures; water system structures; helicopter landing	
facilities; and similar uses/structures as determined by the Manager.	
***	

# Section 17. Section 8.0122, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment Commentary			
	8.0122 Wireless Communications Facilities		
	on to the standards in <b>Section 8.0103</b> , the following apply		
	replacement wireless communications facilities where	Clarification that this section	
they are allowed through the Type II Special Use Review procedure		does not apply to replacement	
and the Type III Special Use Review procedure when located in the		structures.	
GBSV District. Additionally, the following standards apply to co-		structures.	
	acilities that cannot meet the standards in Section 10.0600.		
	An applicant for a wireless communications facility that	Clearer language regarding how	
Α.	includes a WCF tower must demonstrate that the	an applicant needs to	
		demonstrate that co-location is	
	<u>proposed facility cannot be</u> feasibly co-located on an		
	existing WCF tower in the service area or other facility,	not feasible.	
	unless it can be reasonably demonstrated that such is not feasible, in which case the new WCF tower shall be		
	grouped <u>located</u> at the same site <u>as an existing WCF</u> tower or <del>be</del> located no closer than 2,000 linear feet from		
	another <u>existing WCF</u> tower.	Refines the requirement to	
P	No wireless communication facility tower shall be	ensure that it references	
ъ.	located within the LDR-5, LDR-7, TLDR, TR, DRL-1,	proximity of the tower.	
	DLR-2, LDR-PV, MDR-PV, HDR-PV, VLDR-SW,	proximity of the tower.	
	LDR-SW, THR-SW and LDR/GB districts unless such	<b>Verizon</b> has commented that this	
	location is absolutely necessary to close a significant gap	section should refer to both	
	in coverage and there is no feasible alternative for the	coverage and capacity objectives	
	maintenance of wireless communications within that	and the 2,000 separation be	
	service area.	changed to 1,000. The city will	
	sorvice area.	not be pursuing these changes at	
		this point in time.	
		inis poini in time.	
C.	For all wireless communication facility proposals that		
	include a WCF tower subject to the Gresham Community	Consistency in language.	
	Development Code, the WCF tower shall be located at		
	least 200 feet from the nearest residence and must be		
	constructed to allow co-location of additional antenna		
	facilities.		
D.	Wireless communications facilities are exempt from floor		
	area ratio and maximum setback requirements.		
	1		
E.	1. All wireless communication facility proposals for		
	personal wireless services shall be subject to the		
	requirements and limitations of 47 U.S.C. 332(c)(7),		
	Preservation of Local Zoning Authority, and the rules		
	adopted by the Federal Communications Commission to		
	implement said section.		
	2. All wireless communication facility proposals shall		
	be subject to the requirements and limitations of 47		
	U.S.C. 1455(a), Facility Modifications, and the rules		

#### **Proposed Amendment**

adopted by the Federal Communications Commission to implement said section.

- 3. In the event of any apparent conflict or inconsistency between the applicable federal laws or rules and Section 8.0103, Section 8.0122, Section 10.0601 or Section 10.0602, the applicability, and where required, the application of the provisions of federal laws and rules shall be determined as part of the Special Use Review process.
- **F.** Wireless Communication Facilities in the GBSV District are governed by the standards in **Section 8.0151**.
- G. Micro/mini cells subject to the regulations of the Gresham Community Development Code are exempted from the Special Use Review process and are reviewed through the building permit process if they are located on a roof top.

Micro/mini cells that are proposed to be attached to the side of a building that cannot meet the following standards shall be required to be reviewed through the Type II Special Use process:

- 1. Be located at least 15 feet above ground.
- 2. Be no more than three cubic feet in size.
- 3. <u>Be of a color that blends into the structure upon</u> which it is attached.
- 4. <u>No signage.</u>

## Commentary

New language for micro/mini cells. Exemptions from Special Use Review if certain standards are met.

**Verizon** has suggested the following:

- "Small Cell Facilities subject to the regulations of the Gresham Community Development Code are exempted from the Special Use Review process and are reviewed through the building permit process if they can meet the following standards:
- 1. Be located at least 15 feet above ground, except for conduit and cabling.
- 2. Satisfy the size limitations in the Definition of a Small Cell Facility.
- 3. Be of a color that blends into the structure upon which it is attached.
- 4. No signage, except for signs with standard public safety warnings, contact information or similar signage, or unless signage is required by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) or other regulatory body with authority to regulation wireless communication facilities."

Section 18. Section 9.0400, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
***  9.0401 General Provisions  Every fence shall be maintained in a condition of reasonable repair and shall not be allowed to become and remain in a condition of disrepair. Any fence which is, or has become dangerous to the public safety, health, or welfare shall be considered a violation of this Ordinance. Link fencing shall be constructed in such a manner that no barbed ends shall be at the top. Electric fencing is prohibited except as noted in GRC 7.15.040(7)(d). Barbed or razor wire fencing shall only be permitted when it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Manager, that  A. The barbed wire fencing is necessary for enclosing livestock in any land use district.  B. The barbed or razor wire fencing is proposed to provide added security for a non-residential use. When such wire fencing is proposed, it shall only be used above either a standard fence or wall which has a minimum height of 5 feet.  ****	Electric fences are permitted in industrial districts under certain circumstances.
9.0410 Fencing of Lots  ***  D. 1.c. Safety  Safety. Fences shall not contain jogs and angles exceeding 8 inches in depth that create potential hiding places. Jogs are allowed to avoid obstacles such as utility poles, telecommunications service equipment, fire hydrants and existing trees. Fences also should comply with the clear vision area provisions of Section 9.0200. Adjustments in fence locations may be required to meet fire code standards, such as standards for clearance around fire hydrants.  ***	Clarification.

# Section 19. Section 9.0800, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
***	
9.0870 Off Street Parking and Driveways for Detached	
Dwellings, Manufactured Homes, Single Family Attached	
<b>Dwellings and Duplexes</b>	
***	
<b><u>I.</u></b> For single family homes and duplexes, when the driveway is	
located in the front yard, the driveway width is limited to the width	Standards to accompany new
of the garage door plus two feet on either side. For single family	definition.
homes and duplexes with carports located in the front yard, the	
width of the driveway shall be limited to the width of the carport.	
Where there is no garage or carport, the maximum width of the	
driveway shall be 16 feet when the driveway is located in the front	

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
yard. Where the side yard setback is immediately adjacent to the	
driveway/carport, this area may be incorporated into the driveway,	
once improved.	
9.0871. Recreational Vehicle Parking in Low Density Residential	This section is being deleted as it
Districts	does not contain any
As defined by Section 3.0103 of the Community Development	development related regulations.
Code a recreational vehicle parked on a residential lot within the	GRC 8.25.020 Private Property
LDR-5, LDR-7 or TR Districts shall meet the following	Parking provides applicable
requirements:	rules.
A. The recreational vehicle shall be parked on a hard surface	
such as compacted gravel, concrete, asphalt, or similar durable	
material.	
<b>B.</b> If parked on a corner lot the clear vision area parking	
restriction applies (refer to Section 9.0200).	
***	

Section 20. Section 9.0901, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Prop	Proposed Amendment		Commentary
Secti	Section 9.0901. Projections into Required Yards And Above the		
Max	imu	m Building Height	
	A.	Projections into Required Yards. The following objects	
		and structures may project into the required yard:	
***			
		<b>9.</b> Customary yard accessories, ornaments and	
		furniture such as flag poles and landscape ponds.	
			Micro/mini cell technology is
		<u>Micro/mini cell Wireless Communication</u>	characterized by small canister
		<u>Facilities.</u>	WCFs that have minimal visual
			impact.
	В.	Projections above the Maximum Building Height. Except	
		in the GBSV District as described in <b>Section 9.0901.D</b> ,	
		the following structures may project above the maximum	Verizon has suggested the term
		building height:	Small Cell Facilities.
***			
		8. Micro/mini cell Wireless Communication	
		<u>Facilities.</u>	
***			

Section 21. Section 9.1000, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
***  9.1011 Applicability It is the intent of this section to provide tree protection and the safe, orderly removal and replacement of trees on developed sites, and to provide good stewardship of the urban forest. All land within the city of Gresham is subject to the Tree Protection, Removal and Replacement regulations of Sections 9.1012 – 9.1040. References to the term Special Purpose Overlay Districts in Section 9.1000 refer to the Floodplain Overlay District, Hillside Physical Constraint District, the Gresham Butte Scenic View Overlay District, and the Habitat Conservation Overlay District.	New Overlay District added.
***	
9.1021 Exemptions ***	
<b>B.</b> The City of Gresham is exempt from permit requirements when it undertakes activities that are necessary for the protection of public health, safety and welfare; and when it performs maintenance of street trees in the public right-of-way and trees within designated City parks, trails and open space. Trees may be removed, or pruned in accordance with the pruning standards in <b>Subsection 9.1040(A)</b> , when the tree removal or pruning is necessary to accomplish a public purpose, including but not limited to the installation of public facilities and utilities in the right-of-way or general utility easement, habitat restoration activities, or for construction of a public street, public trail, public park or public urban plaza.	
9.1022 Tree Protection During Development	
<ul> <li>C. Significant Tree(s). When development is proposed for property that includes or abuts the dripline of a Significant Tree(s) on an abutting site, the Significant Tree(s) abutting the site shall be preserved and protected as specified in Subsection (B) during all development activities, including preliminary grubbing and clearing. A conservation easement shall be imposed on the site of the development to ensure ongoing protection of the Significant Tree(s) on the abutting property. The conservation easement shall be located at the dripline in a radius from the tree at the rate of 1 foot of horizontal distance from the tree for each 1 inch of diameter of the tree unless a Certified Arborist determines that the tree can be protected adequately with less distance.</li> <li>1. The Manager, pursuant to a Type II procedure, may grant</li> </ul>	

an adjustment to the side, front and rear yard setback

standards by up to 50 percent if necessary to retain a Significant Tree or Trees. The adjustment shall be the minimum necessary to accomplish preservation of trees on site and shall not conflict with other conditions placed on the property.

Language was inadvertently omitted during the Tree Code updates.

- 2. The Manager, pursuant to a Type II procedure, may grant a five percent reduction to the lot size and ten percent reduction to the lot width and lot depth standards in approving a subdivision or partition if necessary to retain a Significant Tree or Trees.
- 3. The Manager, pursuant to a Type II procedure, may allow a property owner to cut a specific number of trees within a Significant Grove of trees if preserving those trees would:
  - a. <u>Cause the loss of ten percent or more of the total</u> number of allowed lots or units, or
  - b. <u>Cause an increase of five percent or more in the cost of installing on-site utilities.</u>

\*\*\*

# 9.1023 Street Tree Planting During Development

\*\*\*

**B.** Street trees of a minimum 1.75-inch caliper are required when a land use or building permit requires street trees. Street trees within a clear vision area shall be a minimum of 2 inch caliper and a minimum of 6 feet tree head height at time of planting.

The Clear Vision Area affects private property. Since Street Trees are not located on private property, this language is not needed.

\*\*\*

#### **Proposed Amendment**

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# 9.1026 Tree Removal Post Development \*\*\*

**D.** Removal of Required and Regulated Trees that meet the definition of Imminent Hazard Tree or Hazard Tree, and which cannot be retained as a Habitat Tree due to proximity of a target, such as a person or property, or that cannot be moved or altered shall meet the following standards:

\*\*\*

2. Removal of Required or Regulated Trees that are hazardous but do not present an imminent hazard to the safety of people or protection of property shall be reviewed under a Type I procedure, except for Significant Trees and trees in overlay districts, the removal of which shall be reviewed under a Type II procedure as required by Section 9.1026(E).

# 9.1031 Exemptions

\*\*\*

**B.** The City of Gresham is exempt from permit requirements when it undertakes activities that are necessary for the protection of public health, safety and welfare; and when it performs maintenance of street trees in the public right-of-way and trees within designated City parks, trails and open space. Trees may be

**Commentary** 

This change represents a longstanding practice of allowing property owners to remove hazardous trees in overlay districts through the Type I process. Requiring a Type II could cause delays in the removal of potentially dangerous trees.

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
removed, or pruned in accordance with the pruning standards of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Subsection 9.1040(A), when the tree removal or pruning is	
necessary to accomplish a public purpose, including the installation	
of public facilities and utilities in the right-of-way or general utility	
easement, habitat restoration activities, or for construction of a	
public street, public trail, public park or public urban plaza.	
public street, public truit, public park of public aroun praza.	
***	
9.1032 Tree Protection During Development	
***	
C. Significant Trees/Significant Grove. When development is	
proposed for property that includes or abuts the dripline of	
a Significant Tree(s) on an abutting site, the Significant	
Tree(s)/Significant Grove abutting the site shall be	
preserved and protected, as specified in Subsection (B)	
during all development activities, including preliminary	
grubbing and clearing. A conservation easement shall be	
imposed on the site of the development to ensure ongoing	
protection of the Significant Tree(s)/Significant Grove on	
the abutting property. The conservation easement shall be	
located at the dripline in a radius from the tree at the rate of	
1 foot of horizontal distance from the tree for each 1 inch	
of diameter of the tree unless a Certified Arborist	
determines that the tree can be protected adequately with	
less distance, or as determined by a Certified Arborist.	
1. The Manager, pursuant to a Type II procedure,	
may grant an adjustment to the side, front and rear yard	Language was inadvertently
setback standards by up to 50 percent if necessary to retain	omitted during the Tree Code
a Significant Tree or Trees. The adjustment shall be the	updates.
minimum necessary to accomplish preservation of trees on	
site and shall not conflict with other conditions placed on	
the property.	
2. The Manager, pursuant to a Type II procedure,	
may grant a five percent reduction to the lot size and ten	
percent reduction to the lot width and lot depth standards in	
approving a subdivision or partition if necessary to retain a	
Significant Tree or Trees.	
3. The Manager, pursuant to a Type II procedure,	
may allow a property owner to cut a specific number of	
trees within a Significant Grove of trees is preserving those	
trees would:	
a. Cause the loss of ten percent or more of the total	
number of allowed lots or units, or	
b. Cause an increase of five percent or more in the	
cost of installing on-site utilities.	

#### **Proposed Amendment**

#### Commentary

\*\*\*

# 9.1033 Street Tree Planting During Development

\*\*\*

B. Street trees of a minimum 1.75-inch caliper are required when a land use or building permit requires street trees. Street trees within a clear vision area shall be a minimum of 2 inch caliper and a minimum of 6 feet tree head height at time of planting.

The Clear Vision Area affects private property. Since Street Trees are not located on private property, this language is not needed.

\*\*\*

#### 9.1036 Tree Removal Post Development

\*\*\*

**D.** Removal of Required or Regulated Trees that meet the definition of Imminent Hazard Tree or Hazard Tree, and which cannot be retained as a Habitat Tree due to proximity of a target, such as a person or property, that cannot be moved or altered, shall meet the following standards:

\*\*\*

 Removal of Required or Regulated Trees that are hazardous but do not present an imminent hazard to the safety of people or protection of property shall be reviewed under a Type I procedure, except for Significant Trees and trees in overlay districts, the removal of which shall be reviewed under a Type II procedure, as required by Section 9.1036(E).

1036(E).

This change represents a longstanding practice of allowing property owners to remove hazardous trees in overlay districts through the Type I process. Requiring a Type II could cause delays in the removal of potentially dangerous trees.

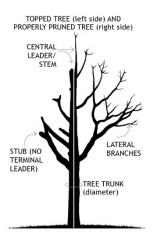
# 9.1040 Pruning of Required and Significant Trees

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

**C.** Tree Topping, as defined in **Article 3**, of Required Trees must be replaced through the applicable Type I Permit.

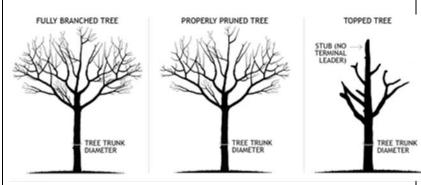
## **Diagram 3: Tree Topping Diagram**



#### **Proposed Amendment**

#### Commentary

# Diagram 3. Tree Pruning Diagram



A revised diagram is included to more clearly depict the difference between a properly pruned and topped tree.

**NOTE:** This graphic will be revised to be clearer.

# 9.1060 Civil Penalties

\*\*\*

C. In addition to any other penalty provided by law and the remedies established in Article 2 of the Gresham Community Development Code and Gresham Revised Code Article 7.15, any person determined to be responsible for violation of any of the provisions of Section 9.1000 may be required to correct the violation pay a penalty in the amount of up to three times the arboricultural value of the lost tree or trees, as determined by an independent consulting arborist and pay for the cost of the arborist review and report. The person determined to be responsible for violation of the provisions of Section 9.1000 shall also replace the removed trees with like trees as specified by the City or pay into the City's designated tree fund the equal replacement value of removed trees.

Adds additional language for required replacement of trees or the value of lost trees.

Section 22. Section 10.0500, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
***	
10.0502 Home Occupation General Requirements ***	
B. An application for a home occupation shall be reviewed by the Manager under the Type II procedure of <b>Section</b> 11.0400, unless the home occupation meets the review exception standards of <b>Section 10.0504</b> , in which case the application process shall be under the Type I procedure of <b>Section 11.0300</b> , and will be processed as part of the Business License application. Application for the development permit shall be made by the person desiring to conduct the use, and, the owner or authorized representative of the property on forms provided by the City.  ***	Clarification of a long-standing process.
D. For the purposes of this section "home" refers to the residential location, including single family dwelling, single family dwelling unit, single family accessory dwelling unit, apartment unit, duplex, condominium unit, and associated garage, of the home occupation. All "homes" as described here may seek approval of a home occupation.  ****  10.0504 Occupation Review Exception Standards  ****  D. Activities of or pertaining to the home occupation that occur at the home shall remain within the confines of the dwelling unit and/or garage; with the exception of those outdoor uses described in Section 10.0504.E.  E. The growing of plants, vegetables, fruits and flowers is allowed in "home" yards of home based businesses. Egg production that meets the requirements of GRC Article  7.17 and honey production meeting the requirements of GRC Article 7.18 are also allowed.  ***  10.0505 Performance Standards for a Home Occupation  ***  D. No more than an area equivalent to 50% of the total floor area of the home may be used in connection with a home occupation. Home occupation area may be located within a	Allowing select outdoor uses to be included in the rules for Home Occupations.
portion of the dwelling building and/or an attached or detached garage. However, home occupations shall not be located in other accessory structures. <u>Outdoor uses are allowed pursuant to Section 10.0504.E.</u>	As above.
E. With the exception of the uses described in 10.0504.E. there There shall be no outside storage of materials or	As above.

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
equipment associated with the home occupation. Nor shall	
there be any storage or use of explosive, flammable,	
radioactive, toxic or other hazardous materials that are not	
normally found in the home nor in amounts not normally	
associated with a residence. Specific limitations and	
requirements for the storage of hazardous materials in a	
residence are found in and regulated by the Uniform Fire	
Code.	
***	

# Section 23. Section 10.0800, Development Code, is repealed as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
SECTION 10.0800 MOVING OF BUILDINGS	The moving of buildings is not a
General	development related issue.
10.0801 Moving of Building Development Permits for Moving of Building 10.0810 Moving of Buildings, Development Permit Required 10.0811 Application for Moving of Building 10.0812 Guarantee of Completion for Moving Building 10.0813 Issuance of Development Permit	This entire section is being deleted, reworded and placed in GRC Article 10.XX.
10.0814 Conditions of Development Permit 10.0815 Notice of Move 10.0816 Permits from County and State 10.0817 Continuity 10.0818 Liability 10.0819 Revocation 10.0820 Fee 10.0821 Movement on County Roads and State Highways	
General  10.0801 Moving of Building  Movement of structures within the City of Gresham shall be done by a building mover bonded by the City of Gresham, subject to compliance with all requirements related thereto.  Development Permits for Moving of Buildings	-

#### 10.0810 Moving of Buildings, Development Permit Required

- A. A building that exceeds 8 feet in width, 40 feet in length, or extends more than 14 feet from the ground when loaded for moving, may be moved across or along a public street of the city:
  - 1. in accordance with a permit applied for and issued in accordance with this code, and
  - 2. by a bonded building mover with adequate liability insurance.
- **B.** A building, for purposes of this section, shall not include a manufactured home as defined in **Article 3**.

## 10.0811 Application for Moving of Building

The Manager may grant a development permit under the Type I procedure for moving a building.

10.0812 Guarantee of Completion for Moving Building

The development permit shall not be issued unless the applicant furnishes the City with a Guarantee of Completion. The guarantee shall be equal to 110% of the estimated cost of making the relocated building ready for occupancy and use in accordance with the Community Development Code.

10.0813 Issuance of Development Permit

The Manager shall issue the development permit if:

- A. The application complies with the requirements of the Community Development Code; and
- **B.** The moving can be accomplished without damage to property or, in the case of such damages, it is consented to by the owner of the property or is to be paid for to the owner's satisfaction.

#### 10.0814 Conditions of Development Permit

The development permit shall specify the following:

- **A.** The route for moving the building;
- **B.** The date when the permit will expire;
- C. The days in the week and the hours in the day when the move will be allowed;
- **D.** Whether the applicant must provide uniformed escorts; and
- **E.** Whatever additional conditions the Manager deems necessary to minimize the obstruction of traffic, protect property, and protect the public safety and welfare.

#### 10.0815 Notice of Move

After the development permit is issued, the applicant shall notify the Manager at least 24 hours prior to the actual time the move will take place.

10.0816 Permits from County and State

If the building is to be moved along or across county roads or state highways, the applicant must obtain the appropriate permits from the applicable jurisdictions.

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
10.0817 Continuity	
Once a building has been moved into a public street pursuant to a development permit, the party moving the building shall continue with the moving project without interruption until it is completed, except as the development permit or the Manager specifically allow. The Manager may alter the route or the time of the move if necessary.	
10.0818 Liability	
The development permit shall not constitute an authorization for damaging property. The development permit shall constitute no defense against whatever liability the permittee incurs for personal injury or property damage caused by the moving.	
10.0819 Revocation	
A development permit issued under this section may be summarily revoked by the Manager if the permittee violates any term of the development permit.  10.0820 Fee	
The council may establish by resolution a development permit fee for moving buildings.	
10.0821 Movement on County Roads and State Highways	
The Manager may waive any of the requirements of this section regarding buildings to be moved through the city upon a county road or state highway from and to points outside the city limits, if the movement will be made pursuant to a permit issued by the appropriate county or state agency, if notice of such proposed movement and a copy of the permit is submitted to the Manager prior to the movement, and if the Manager is satisfied that adequate precautions have been taken to protect the public safety and welfare. The Manager shall approve the date and time of the move.	

# Section 24. Section 11.0102, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment		Commentary
11.0102 Exclusions from Development Permit		
**	*	These structures are exempted
F.	The following activities do not require a Development Permit, except in the Habitat Conservation Area Overlay District:  ***	from design standards and no building permit is required. See also Section 7.0003 proposed
**	6. Commercial structures of under 200 square feet not visible from a public place.	changes above.

Section 25. Section 11.0402, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
11.0402 Type II Procedures  ***  B. Neighborhood Meeting  1. A neighborhood meeting is required for those Type II applications which require a pre-application conference, as indicated in Table 11.0204, except as otherwise noted, including industrial uses identified in Section 7.0003(D)(6)(a) and DR-C reviews as noted in Section 7.0003.C.	DR-C reviews involving structural changes require preapplication meetings but no Early Neighborhood Meeting. This retains the review at a midlevel development review, but allows for the ability of staff to provide advice at the preapplication meeting that will enhance the processing of the actual application.
***  F. Type II Notice of Decision  ***  2. The written decision shall include:  f. The date the decision shall become final, unless appealed within twelve (12) calendar days of the notice of decision. The notice of decision shall state in boldface type the date and time by which an appeal must be filed. The statement shall describe the requirements for filing an appeal of the decision; and  g. A statement that, unless the applicant is the appellant, the hearing on an appeal from the decision shall be confined to the specific issues identified in the written comments submitted by the parties during the comment period; and  hg. A statement that the complete case file, including findings, conclusions and conditions of approval, if any, is available for review. The notice shall list when and where the case file is available and the name and telephone number of the City representative to contact about reviewing the case file.	These hearings are de novo, so the information noted in Section 11.0402.F.2.g. is not needed.

# Section 26. Section 11.0502, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
11.0502 Type III Procedures ***	
E. Type III Public Notice ***	
2. At least 20 days prior to the hearing, the city shall mail written notice of the public hearing for all Type III applications to:  a. The applicant and/or authorized representative;	

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
<b>b.</b> The owner(s) of record of the subject property;	
<b>c.</b> Any City-recognized neighborhood association whose	
boundaries include or are within 300 feet of the subject property;	
and the Presidents and Land Use Chairs of all City-recognized	
neighborhood associations when the development is proposed in	
the GBSV District;	
<b>d.</b> Owners of property located within 300feet of the perimeter	
of the subject property and owners or record within five hundred	
(500) feet of the perimeter of the subject property when the	
development is proposed in the GBSV District;	
e. Any governmental agency which is entitled to notice under	
an intergovernmental agreement with the city which includes	
provision for such notice or is otherwise entitled to such notice	
Affected city departments and any governmental agency which is	This language mirrors that for
entitled to notice under an intergovernmental agreement with the	Type I and Type II procedures
<u>city which includes provision for such notice or is otherwise</u>	and clarifies that, unless an
entitled to such notice. Such departments and agencies may request	extension is requested, it is
up to a 15-day extension to their comment period if the application	expected that the agency has no
<u>involves unusual circumstances</u> . The department or agency is	comments unless those
assumed to have no comments if no comments are received within	comments are received during
the specified time period; and	the specified timeframe.
***	

Section 27. Section 11.0600, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
11.0602 Type IV Procedures	
***	
D. Type IV Public Notice	
1. For Comprehensive Plan Amendments, the public notice is as	
follows:	
<b>a.</b> A Type IV proposal to amend the Community	
Development Plan or Code or to adopt a new land use regulation	
shall be submitted to the Manager of the Department of Land	
Conservation and Development (DLCD) along with appropriate	
forms at least 45 days prior to the initial evidentiary hearing on	
adoption. Notice to DLCD is not required when the city	
determines that the goals do not apply to a particular proposed	
amendment or new regulation.	
	This language mirrors that for
Affected city departments and any governmental agency which is	Type I and Type II procedures
entitled to notice under an intergovernmental agreement with the	and clarifies that, unless an
<u>City which includes provision for such notice or is otherwise</u>	extension is requested, it is
entitled to such notice. Such departments and agencies may request	expected that the agency has no
up to a 15-day extension to their comment period if the application	comments unless those
<u>involves unusual circumstances</u> . The department or agency is	comments are received during
assumed to have no comments if no comments are received within	the specified timeframe.
the specified time period.	

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
<ul> <li>b. Not more than 40 nor less than 20 days before the initial evidentiary hearing on the Type IV proposal, the Manager shall mail notice to owners of property within the city for which the proposed ordinance, if adopted, may in the Manager's opinion affect the permissible uses of land. The notice of the initial evidentiary hearing for a Type IV procedure shall include at least the following information: </li> <li>***  9. If applicable, a statement that the ordinance is a result of an order of the Land Conservation and Development Commission or Metro.</li> </ul>	
***  2. For all other Type IV applications, such as vacations and historic resource designations, the public notice is as follows:  a. At least 20 days prior to the hearing, the City shall mail written notice of the public hearing to:  1. The applicant and/or authorized representative;  2. The owner(s) of record of the subject property;  3. Any City-recognized neighborhood association whose boundaries include or are within 300 feet of the subject property;  4. Owners of property located within 300 feet of the perimeter of the subject property;  5. Any governmental agency which is entitled to notice under an intergovernmental agreement with the city which includes provision for such notice or is otherwise entitled to such notice; Affected city departments and any governmental agreement with the City which includes provision for such notice or is otherwise entitled to such notice or is otherwise entitled to such notice. Such departments and agencies may request up to a 15-day extension to their comment period if the application involves unusual circumstances. The department or agency is assumed to have no comments if no comments are received within the specified time period.	As above.

# Section 28. Section 11.0802, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
11.0802 Applicability	
A neighborhood meeting is required for all applications that require a pre-application conference as indicated in <b>Table 11.0204</b> , unless otherwise noted. Industrial use reviews as described in <b>Section 7.0003(D)(6)(a)</b> and DR-C applications requiring a pre-application conference as described in <b>Section 7.0003.C.2</b> , <b>Section 7.0003.C.10</b> and <b>Section 7.0003.C.11</b> do not require a Neighborhood Meeting.	Clarifies that no early neighborhood meeting is required for these application types.

# Section 29. Section 11.1105, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
11.1106 Specific Provisions for Appeal of a Type II Decision ***	
C. The appeal hearing shall be <i>de novo</i> , which means new evidence and argument can be introduced in writing, orally, or both.  D. The scope of the appeal hearing of a Type II decision must be based on the written comments provided under Section  11.0402(D)(2) or, based on applicant's statements within the notice of appeal.  ED. The decision of the designated appeal body for appeals of Type II decisions shall be the final local decision.	Correction. These hearings are also de novo.
· ***	

# Section 30. Appendix 5, Development Code, is amended as follows:

Proposed Amendment	Commentary
Appendix 5.000 Public Facilities  ***	
A.5.010 Plan Check, Inspection ***	
A.5.011. Standards for Utilities, Utility Lines, Stormwater Facilities and Rights-of-Way in the Springwater Environmentally Sensitive Resource Area (ESRA).	Public facility-related standards for the Springwater ESRA are appropriately contained within the Springwater ESRA section of
ESRA utilities, utility line and stormwater facility standards are located in Section 4.1581. ESRA right-of-way standards are found in Section 4.1582.  ***	the code. This amendment serves as a cross reference to those referencing <b>Appendix 5</b> Public Facilities.