





(a component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon)

Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by Finance & Management Services Department

Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area (a component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area Gresham City Hall 1333 NW Eastman Parkway Gresham, Oregon 97030

GreshamOregon.gov/Urban-Renewal

As of June 30, 2019

Name	Term Expires
Shane Bemis Shane.Bemis Gresham Oregon.gov	December 2022
Jerry Hinton Jerry.Hinton@GreshamOregon.gov	December 2020
Eddy Morales <u>Eddy.Morales@GreshamOregon.gov</u>	December 2022
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David Widmark <u>David.Widmark@GreshamOregon.gov</u>	December 2020
Janine Gladfelter Janine.Gladfelter@GreshamOregon.gov	December 2022

Principal Officials:

Erik Kvarsten, City Manager Kevin McConnell, Interim City Attorney Bernard Seeger, Finance and Management Services Director Josh Fuhrer, GRDC Executive Director

The Commissioners and Principal Officials can be reached at the City Hall address above.

Independent Auditors Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Gresham Redevelopment Commissioners Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area Gresham, Oregon



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Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area ("Area"), (a component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Area's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Area as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") and the budgetary comparison information for the Area's Capital Projects Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the MD&A in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the MD&A because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Capital Projects Fund budgetary comparison information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Area's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information for the Debt Service Fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information for the Debt Service Fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information for the Debt Service Fund is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated January 27, 2020 on our consideration of the Area's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

ISLER CPA

By: Gatlin Hawkins, CPA, a member of the firm

Eugene, Oregon January 27, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Rockwood—West Gresham Urban Renewal Area (a component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon) Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

This discussion and analysis highlights the financial activities and financial position of the Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area (Area) for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Area is a blended component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon (City). The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities and resulting changes in financial position, variances from the budget, and specific issues related to individual funds.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Property values increased along with additional properties joining the tax rolls resulting in the Area's property tax increment rising by 12.5% over the previous year, in this, the sixteenth year of the Area's existence.
- The Area's net position was reduced by \$3.1 million primarily from increased project expenses, offset by increased tax increment revenue and lower interest expense on long-term debt.
- The tax levy for FY2020 has been disclosed and the Area can expect a tax-increment revenue increase of approximately \$0.2 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Report Layout

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Area's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the total Area. This bears a similarity to private-sector companies. The two government-wide statements are the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the Area's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities provides a focus on program costs and their matching resources. The current year's revenues and expenses are detailed in the statement of activities using the accrual basis of accounting (i.e. regardless of when cash is received or paid).

Program costs are paid from loan proceeds as required under Oregon law. The loans are repaid using property taxes levied for the area along with investment earnings and federal interest subsidies.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are reported after the government-wide statements. The Area presents both of its funds as major funds. For each of these major funds, a budgetary comparison schedule is also presented.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is critical to a full understanding of the data shown, and the accounting conventions used in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Financial Position

Net position serves as a useful indicator, over time, of a government's financial position. The following table shows a summary of the statement of net position at fiscal year-end and for the previous year end:

Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area Summary of Net Position

Governmental Activities

ASSETS	2019		2018
Current and other assets	\$ 11,341,053	3	\$ 11,916,902
Capital assets	18,451,385	5	18,386,464
Total assets	29,792,438	3	30,303,366
LIABILITIES			
Accrued Liabilities	74,040)	77,785
Notes payable	20,237,630)	17,661,271
Total liabilities	20,311,670)	17,739,056
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt		-	1,269,980
Restricted for debt service	1,800,000)	1,800,000
Unrestricted (deficit)	7,680,768	3	9,494,330
Total net position	\$ 9,480,768	3	\$ 12,564,310

The Area ended the year with a net position of \$9,480,768, a decrease of \$3,083,542 from the prior year. Current and other assets decreased by \$575,849 largely due to lower cash and investment balances as prior year tax increment proceeds were used to pay for higher project expenditures and debt service on borrowings. The increase of \$64,921 in capital assets net, is accounted for by depreciation offsetting the majority of the amount of new capital assets recognized during FY 2019.

Results of Operations

As with the statement of net position, the Area reports governmental activities on a consolidated basis. A comparison of the statement of activities to the prior year is provided below:

Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
REVENUES		2019		2018
Program Revenues				
Other revenues	\$	320,002	\$	146,552
Program Revenues		320,002		146,552
General Revenues				
Property taxes		5,285,038		4,696,895
Federal subsidy - Build America Bonds		50,435		59,626
Interest and investment earnings		448,755		117,582
Miscellaneous		1,233		32,704
General Revenues		5,785,461		4,906,807
Total revenues		6,105,463		5,053,359
EXPENSES				
Urban renewal		8,507,819		1,972,798
Interest on long-term debt		681,186		722,021
Total expenses		9,189,005		2,694,819
Change in net position		(3,083,542)		2,358,540
Net Position - Beginning		12,564,310		10,205,770
Net Position - Ending		9,480,768		12,564,310

Total revenues increased by \$1,053,104 from the prior fiscal year. The increase largely consisted of an increase of \$588,143 in property tax increment augmented by higher investment income and offset by lower Build America bond subsidy receipts. Investment income increase was also attributable to higher balances and higher interest rates.

The Area's total revenues for the year were \$6.1 million, a 20.8% increase from the prior year. The tax increment revenues are restricted to the repayment of debt that is used to finance improvements identified in the urban renewal plan.

The Area collected \$50 thousand in direct interest payment subsidies from the federal government under the Build America Bonds section of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

There was a \$6.5 million increase in expenses from the prior year. The increase was the result of increased urban renewal project related expenditures as the Area's Catalyst Site project began significant construction activities during the period.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The Area uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The focus of the Area's funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and

ending balances of operating accounts. Such information is useful in assessing the Area's resources that are available for spending.

At the end of the fiscal year, the combined fund balance for the governmental funds was \$11.2 million. Combined fund balance decreased by \$0.5 million from the prior year.

The Rockwood UR Capital Projects Fund had an ending balance of \$91 thousand, a reduction of \$0.5 million from the prior year. The decrease reflects expenditures of previous proceeds and delayed draws for future project expenditures.

The Rockwood UR Debt Service Fund had an ending balance of \$11.1 million, an increase of \$22 thousand from the prior year. The balance was relatively unchanged over the prior year tax increment property tax collections were consistent with debt service expenditures. The ending fund balance is not available for future project spending because it is restricted for debt service on urban renewal borrowings.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no differences between the original budget and the final budget in the Area's funds; no appropriation changes were required during the year.

The final budget in the Rockwood UR Capital Projects Fund includes \$14.4 million in appropriations, but only \$8.3 million was used. The excess appropriations were intended for additional project related expenditures which have crossed into future fiscal years.

The Rockwood UR Debt Service Fund very closely mirrored the budgeted revenues and fell short of the \$8.7 million budgeted expenditures. The \$2.9 million variance was accounted for by lower debt service given that anticipated capital project spending was not completed in FY 2019.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of year-end, the Area had \$18.5 million invested in capital assets, which reflected an increase of \$0.1 million compared to the previous fiscal year. There were only small additions which were offset by approximately \$343,000 of depreciation expense.

Additional information on the Area's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements in the section titled Capital Assets.

Long-term Debt

During fiscal year 2017, the Area reached an agreement with the City to issue additional debt for project construction and other urban renewal purposes. The borrowing will operate like a revolving line of credit. The issue was approved by the Gresham City Council and the Gresham Redevelopment Commissioners. The instrument was rated A3 by Moody's and as such qualifies for the City to purchase as an investment. Interest rates will be determined at the time of draw.

There have been draws under this note of \$8.7 million through June 30, 2019, with principal payments of \$2.0 million. Future draws are expected in fiscal year 2019 and beyond. The amount that can be drawn has a current cap of \$15.0 million less the balance of previous draws and less the

outstanding balance of the 2015 note. At June 30, 2019 the maximum balance that could be drawn under this revolving note was \$4.8 million. All future draws are limited by the GRDC's ability to repay the obligations prior to its anticipated closure date in 2023.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The Area's tax assessment was certified by Multnomah County on October 4, 2019, in the amount of \$5,691,600 with estimated net proceeds of \$5,461,600. The assessment is determined by using the incremental increase in tax assessed value from the base year of 2004 for properties within the Area's boundaries. The tax revenue will be used to pay for debt incurred to fund urban renewal projects and improvements.
- Capital project expenditures budgeted for FY 2019-20 include: \$0.5 million for work at the catalyst site and \$0.9 million for Sandy Boulevard improvements. The \$1.4 million capital project budget is part of the Adopted Budget for the Urban Renewal Area for fiscal year 2019-20.
- The Area continues to partner with private development by providing infrastructure improvements
 that support future growth to the west side of Gresham, which also includes the Rockwood
 neighborhood. Tax increment financing will be used to fund these infrastructure improvements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Area's finances and to show the Area's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Gresham Finance & Management Services Department, Accounting Services Division at 1333 NW Eastman Parkway, Gresham, Oregon 97030-3813.

Basic Financial Statements

(a component unit of the City of Gresham) Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	9,257,528
Receivables		75,103
Property taxes receivable, net		150,309
Other assets		58,113
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,800,000
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable		11,196,982
Depreciable, net		7,254,403
Total assets		29,792,438
LIABILITIES		
Accrued interest payable		72,040
Other accrued liabilities		2,000
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		9,877,445
Due in more than one year		10,360,185
Total liabilities		20,311,670
NET POSITION		
Restricted for debt service		1,800,000
Unrestricted		7,680,768
Total net position	\$	9,480,768
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The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(a component unit of the City of Gresham) Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net (Expense)

			Program Revenue					evenue and anges in Net Position
Functions		Direct Expenses	Charges for Capital Grants Services and Contributions		-	overnmental Activities		
Governmental activities:								
Urban renewal Interest on long-term debt	\$	8,507,819 681,186	\$	61,261 -	\$	258,741	\$	(8,187,817) (681,186)
Total governmental activities	\$	9,189,005	\$	61,261	\$	258,741		(8,869,003)
General Revenues: Taxes: Property taxes for debt service Federal subsidy - Build America Bor Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position	nds							5,285,038 50,435 448,755 1,233 5,785,461 (3,083,542)
Net position - beginning								12,564,310
Net position - ending							\$	9,480,768

(a component unit of the City of Gresham)
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

	Rockwood UR Capital Projects Fund		Rockwood UR Debt Service Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS		_				_
Cash and investments	\$	17,701	\$	9,239,827	\$	9,257,528
Receivables		75,103		-		75,103
Property taxes receivable, net		-		150,309		150,309
Other assets		111		58,002		58,113
Restricted cash and investments				1,800,000		1,800,000
Total assets	\$	92,915	\$	11,248,138	\$	11,341,053
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Deposits	\$	2,000	\$	_	\$	2,000
Total liabilities		2,000		-		2,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue -property taxes				134,583		134,583
Total deferred inflows of resources				134,583		134,583
FUND BALANCE:						
Restricted for debt service		-		11,113,555		11,113,555
Unrestricted		90,915		-		90,915
Total fund balances		90,915		11,113,555		11,204,470
Total deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$	92,915	\$	11,248,138	\$	11,341,053

(a component unit of the City of Gresham) Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 11,204,470
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds:	
Governmental capital assets	18,451,385
Assets not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds, but are susceptible to full accrual on the statement of net position.	
Unavailable revenue from taxes and assessments	134,583
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in a government fund, but are reported on the statement of net position.	
Bonds & Notes payable Accrued interest	 (20,237,630) (72,040)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 9,480,768

(a component unit of the City of Gresham) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Rockwood UR Capital Projects Fund		Rockwood UR Debt Service Fund		G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES		_				
Taxes	\$	-	\$	5,356,124	\$	5,356,124
Federal Subsidy - Build America Bonds		-		50,435		50,435
Charges for services		61,261		-		61,261
Miscelllaneous		1,233		-		1,233
Investment earnings		25,237		423,518		448,755
Total revenues		87,731		5,830,077		5,917,808
EXPENDITURES						
Other materials and services		8,314,000		-		8,314,000
Debt service		-		5,808,571		5,808,571
Total expenditures		8,314,000		5,808,571		14,122,571
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(8,226,269)		21,506		(8,204,763)
, ,		(-, -,,		,		(=, = , ==,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of Debt		7 700 000				7 700 000
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,700,000 7,700,000		<u>-</u>		7,700,000 7,700,000
rotal other illiancing sources (uses)		7,700,000		<u> </u>		7,700,000
Net change in fund balances		(526,269)		21,506		(504,763)
Fund balances - beginning		617,184		11,092,049		11,709,233
Fund balances - ending	\$	90,915	\$	11,113,555	\$	11,204,470

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(a component unit of the City of Gresham) Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities on the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (504,763)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and do not report capital asset contributions. In the statement of activities, contributions are reported as revenues and the cost of capital assets is allocated as depreciation expense over the assets estimated useful lives:		
Capital outlays Add: Contributions Less: Depreciation expense	149,597 258,741 (343,415)	64,923
Debt issuances increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position:		
Debt issued Debt principal repayments Premium amortization		(7,700,000) 5,029,664 93,977
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities did not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Revenues reported in governmental funds because they did not provide current financial resources in prior years are not reported in the statement of activities:		
Change in unavailable revenue - property taxes		(71,086)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities did not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Change in accrued interest		3,743

(3,083,542)

\$

Change in net position - governmental activities

Notes to the Financial Statements

Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area (a component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area (Area) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Area is the urban renewal agency of the City of Gresham, Oregon (City). The Area was created in the fall of 2003, when voters approved the creation of an urban renewal area for 20 years with maximum principal indebtedness of \$92.0 million. The City's council members make up the governing body of the Area (known as the Gresham Redevelopment Commission).

The Area is a blended component unit of the City in its basic financial statements. All significant activities over which the Gresham Redevelopment Commission (GRDC) exercises oversight responsibility have been included in the component unit financial statements. The City has the ability to impose its will on the Area as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, and funding.

An Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) exists between the City and the Area for urban renewal project funding, internal service charges and debt issuance and repayment. The Area has remaining borrowing capacity of \$45,709,323 at June 30, 2019. The Area's activities are reported in the Rockwood UR Capital Projects Fund and the Rockwood UR Debt Service Fund.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. All activities of the Area are categorized as governmental activities. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Government-wide financial statements portray information about the Area as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the Area as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal year. These aggregated statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Area's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows with the difference reported as net position.

The *Statement of Activities* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, interest subsidies and investment earnings are reported as general revenues.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds may be classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Both of the Area's funds are classified as governmental funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Area considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. The major revenue source recognized under the Area's availability policy is property taxes. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, reconciliation are necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the government-wide presentation. The reconciliations are part of the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth criteria for the determination of major funds. For the purposes of presentation, both of the Area's funds are presented as major funds, as follows:

Rockwood UR Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the acquisition and development of capital improvements. Revenue and other financing sources consist of debt proceeds, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Rockwood UR Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for payments of principal and interest on urban renewal debt. The primary sources of revenue are property tax increment, interest subsidy and investment earnings.

New accounting pronouncements

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Area implemented the following GASB pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligation

This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs) not previously addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for these obligations. An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset, specifically a tangible capital asset that is permanently removed from service and includes its sale, abandonment, recycling, or other manner of disposal. This statement is effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The requirements are not applicable to the Area.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Area's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and shares of the Oregon Local Government Investment Pool. The Area's cash and investments are included in the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City's pooled cash and investments rather than specific, identifiable securities. The City's pooled investment securities are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices as of year-end. Interest earned on cash and investments is allocated monthly based on each fund's average cash balance as a proportion of the City's total cash and investments.

Restricted cash and investments total \$1.8 million and are maintained as part of an Intergovernmental Agreement with the City. The funds provide a safeguard against an unexpected decline in tax increment revenues which might otherwise impair the ability of the Area to make required debt service payments.

Receivables

Property taxes are assessed on all taxable property as of July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, and become a lien against the property on that date. Property taxes are levied in October. Collection dates for 2019 were November 15, February 15, and May 15. A 3% discount is allowed for full amount due by November 15th. A 2% discount is allowed for a 2/3 payment by November 15th and the remaining 1/3 payment by May 15th. A 1% discount is permitted for a 1/3 payment by November 15th another 1/3 payment by February 15th and a final 1/3 payment by May 15th. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent. The unpaid taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, infrastructure assets and easements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset life are expensed when incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The Area's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	20-40
Improvements	10-25
Machinery and equipment	5-40

Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether withheld or not from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as materials and services expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, a separate section for deferred inflows of resources will sometimes be reported. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position / Fund Balance

The Area's governmental fund balances are classified in one of five categories – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. A summary of the categories are:

- Non-spendable: Items that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form.
- Restricted: Items that are restricted by external sources, such as creditors; grantors; contributors; or statutory requirements.
- Committed: Items that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by formal action of the entity's 'highest level of decision-making authority' which the Area considers to be a resolution by the GRDC. Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the Commission removes the constraint by similar resolution.
- Assigned: Amounts that have been allocated by Commission action where the
 government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance is
 established by the Commission through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended
 for specific purposed.
- Unassigned: This category includes any balances that have none of the characteristics noted above; also incorporating any deficit fund balance.

The Area reduces restricted amounts first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. The Area reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The government-wide statements label the difference between assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows as 'net position'. Components of net position are 'invested in capital assets, net of related debt', 'restricted', and 'unrestricted'.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The Area prepares its budget in accordance with the legal requirements in Oregon Local Budget Law. The Commission adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than July 1st of the fiscal year being budgeted.

In accordance with State law an annual budget is adopted for all funds. Budgets are prepared similar to the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures (including personal services, material and services, and other expenditures) within each department are the levels of control for each fund established by the resolution. All changes and amendments to total department expenditures for each fund require the approval of the Commission.

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for all cash, cash equivalents and investments in which each fund participates, including the Area. Area investments with the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are not held in separate Area accounts. The total restricted and unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and investments balance for the Area at year-end was \$11,057,528, representing the Area's share of the City's cash and investment pool.

The Area's investment policy is the same as the City's. The City's investment policy is reviewed annually by the City's Finance and Management Services Department, the City's Finance Committee, and in the event of substantial changes, the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The Oregon Short-Term Fund Board consists of the State Treasurer and six members appointed by the Governor and State Treasurer. The investment policy is then presented to the City Council for final adoption.

State of Oregon statutes and the City's investment policies authorize the City to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government, its Agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S., Commercial Paper, Corporate Bonds, Bankers Acceptances, Oregon Short-Term Fund, Repurchase Agreements, municipal obligations of certain states, Time Deposits, Certificates of Deposit, and savings accounts.

The City invests in the LGIP which is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council govern the LGIP's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the LGIP and is responsible for all funds in the LGIP. These funds must be invested, and the investments managed, as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the LGIP are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division audits the LGIP annually. The Division's most recent reported audit opinion on the LGIP was unmodified. The fair value of pool shares is equal to the City's proportionate position in the pool.

Interest Rate Risk, Concentration Risk and Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value with established maturity limits and an ample reserve of liquid funds. To the extent possible, investments shall be matched with anticipated cash flow requirements and known future liabilities. The weighted average maturity (WAM) of the City's portfolio shall not exceed three- and one-half years. The current WAM is approximately one- and one-half years.

Concentration risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in any one issuer. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment fail to fulfill its obligations. To limit the City's exposure to concentration risk, the investment policy restricts amounts that may be invested in any one issuer. To limit the City's exposure to credit risk, the investment policy outlines minimum allowable credit rating criteria.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity during the fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions (Deletions)	Ending Balance
Non-depreciated:			
Land Construction in progress	10,075,772 702,815	\$ - 408,338	\$ 10,075,772 1,111,153
Easements	10,057	400,556	10,057
Total non-depreciated Depreciable:	10,788,644	408,338	11,196,982
Buildings	4,794,193	-	4,794,193
Improvements	52,675	-	52,675
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	71,731	-	71,731
Total depreciable at historical cost	4,812,869 9,731,468		4,812,869 9,731,468
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<i>7,731,400</i>		
Buildings	(431,478)	(95,884)	(527,362)
Improvements	(15,503)	(2,107)	(17,610)
Machinery and equipment	(35,865)	(4,782)	(40,647)
Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	(1,650,802)	(240,642)	(1,891,444)
1	(2,133,648)	(343,415)	(2,477,063)
Depreciable, net	7,597,820	(343,415)	7,254,405
Capital assets, net	18,386,464	\$64,923_	\$ <u>18,451,387</u>
Depreciation expense for the urban renev	wal government	cal activity	\$ 343,415

Long-term Debt

A summary of long-term debt activity during the year follows:

		Outstanding		Matured/	Outstanding	Due Within	
Governmental Activities	Rates	6/30/2018	Issued	Redeemed	6/30/2019	One Year	
2010 Fin Agmt - Series A	3.55%	\$ 753,255	\$ -	\$ 140,239	\$ 613,016	\$ 145,262	
2010 Fin Agmt - Series B	5.25%	3,069,474	-	573,065	2,496,409	592,789	
2010 Fin Agmt - Series C	5.25%	4,377,144	-	787,108	3,590,036	828,981	
2015 Fin Agmt	4.39%	3,760,000	-	705,000	3,055,000	670,000	
2015 GRDC Note	3.00%	4,372,478	-	824,252	3,548,226	846,436	
2017 GRDC Note	3.50%	1,000,000	7,700,000	2,000,000	6,700,000	6,700,000	
		\$17,332,351	\$ 7,700,000	\$ 5,029,664	\$20,002,687	\$ 9,783,468	
Premium on 2015 Fin Agmt		328,920		93,977	234,943	93,977	
Total		\$ 17,661,271	\$ 7,700,000	\$ 5,123,641	\$20,237,630	\$ 9,877,445	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On June 4, 2010 the Urban Renewal Area participated in a City of Gresham issuance of a Financing Agreement. The Urban Renewal portion was \$18.1 million divided among three series.

- Series A 3.55% Notes, were a \$1.7 million tax-exempt financing for repayment of previous project borrowings.
- Series B 5.25% Notes, were a \$7.0 million taxable Build America Bond issuance to fund several urban renewal projects. The effective borrowing rate after federal subsidy is 3.41%.
- Series C 5.25% Notes, were a \$9.4 million taxable financing for repayment of previous property acquisition borrowings.

On May 27, 2015 the Urban Renewal Area participated in a City of Gresham issuance of a Financing Agreement. The Urban Renewal portion was \$5.6 million with a premium of \$658 thousand for total proceeds of \$6.3 million. The proceeds were used to refund approximately \$5.8 million owing on the taxexempt line of credit and \$350 thousand for new projects and about \$100 thousand for issuance costs.

On June 1, 2015 the Urban Renewal Area issued a note which was purchased by the City of Gresham. The proceeds from the issuance were \$6.7 million. Approximately \$1.6 million was used to pay-off the outstanding balance on the taxable line of credit with approximately \$5.0 million dedicated to new projects and \$50 thousand for issuance costs.

On February 22, 2017 the Urban Renewal Area entered into a revolving note agreement with the City of Gresham. This agreement allows the Area to take draws at an interest rate that is determined by the length of time to maturity (June 1, 2023), the current level of interest rates and a fixed spread over Treasuries. Draws are not to exceed \$15 million when combined with the outstanding balance of the 2015 GRDC note. Combined note and revolving note balances are carefully evaluated with other outstanding debt for assurance that the combined debt service will not exceed the Area's ability to repay.

The 2010 Series C Note, 2015 GRDC Note and 2017 GRDC Revolving Note are solely obligations of the Urban Renewal Area. The tax increment revenues are pledged to pay the debt service of these three obligations. The combined level debt service is just under \$2.0 million each year until paid off in full in 2023. These obligations were used for the purchase and development of property that will help grow and enhance the economic viability of the urban renewal district.

The anticipated tax increment for the Area for 2019 is approximately \$6.2 million. The remaining portion of tax increment collections will be used to pay debt service on other Area borrowings.

The future principal and interest payments are outlined in the following schedule:

Year	2010 Financing Agreement			2015 Financing Agreement				2015 GRDC Note				
Ending	I	Principal	I	nterest		Principal	I	nterest		Principal	I	nterest
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	\$	1,567,032 1,636,738 1,709,680 1,786,011	\$	321,350 240,658 156,353 68,265	\$	670,000 760,000 795,000 830,000	\$	138,450 111,650 81,250 41,500	\$	846,436 872,639 899,383 929,768	\$	101,816 75,613 48,869 21,305
2024	\$	6,699,461	\$	786,626	\$	3,055,000	\$	372,850	\$	3,548,226	\$	247,603
		2017 GRD	OC N	lote								
	P	rincipal *	I	nterest								
2020	\$	-	\$	222,334								
2021		-		221,726								
2022		_		222,030								
2023		6,700,000		222,030								
	\$	6,700,000	\$	888,120								

^{*} Draws under the 2017 Revolving Note may be repaid at any time but must be repaid in full by the maturity date.

Pledged Revenue

Revenues of the Area are pledged to debt service of the 2010 Series C Notes only, the 2015 GRDC Note and the 2017 GRDC Note. Other obligations are subject to an inter-governmental agreement promising the payment of debt service with all remaining revenues of the Area. During 2019 the Area recorded \$5,356,124 of revenues that were pledged to debt service. Debt service for the related pledged instruments was \$4,024,650 The obligations subject to the pledged revenue commitments are as follows:

Year	2010 S	eries C	2015 GRI	OC Note	2017 GRD	OC Note	Pledged	
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal *	Interest	Total	
2020	\$ 828,981	\$ 177,597	\$ 846,436	\$ 101,816	\$ -	\$ 222,334	\$ 2,177,164	
2021	873,081	133,497	872,639	75,613	-	221,726	2,176,556	
2022	919,528	87,050	899,383	48,869	-	222,030	2,176,860	
2023	968,446	38,133	929,768	21,305	6,700,000	222,030	8,879,682	
	\$ 3,590,036	\$ 436,277	\$ 3,548,226	\$ 247,603	\$ 6,700,000	\$ 888,120	\$ 15,410,262	

^{*} The 2017 GRDC Note is revolving and may make principal payments at any time but must be repaid by maturity.

Disclosures of Non-Public Debt

As required by GASB 88, the following schedule outlines non-public debt issued by the Area. Future payments can be found in the "Debt Service to Maturity" footnote above. Below the table are descriptions of covenants and/or terms that are unique or unusual.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Privately Issued Debt

	Balance 6/30/19	Maturity	Covenants/ Terms		
2010 Fin. Agmt. GRDC (Series A & B)	\$ 3,109,425	6/1/2023	(a)		
2010 Fin. Agmt. GRDC (Series C)	3,590,036	6/1/2023	(b)		
2015 GRDC Note	3,548,226	6/1/2023	(c)		
2017 GRDC Note	6,700,000	6/1/2023	(c)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 16,947,687				

- (a) Full Faith and Credit notes with no reserve requirements or other restrictions. These notes were issued in conjunction with City of Gresham. Payments are made by the City and reimbursed by the GRDC. There is an Inter-Governmental Agreement in place with a \$1.8 million reserve requirement.
- (b) Series C requires annual reports to lender demonstrating a 1.35 coverage ratio for parity debt and 1.00 coverage ratio for total GRDC debt, along with \$4.0 million of debt service reserves.
- (c) Both the 2015 and 2017 GRDC Notes were purchased by the City of Gresham. The 2017 Note is revolving and allows for further draws. All borrowings must be repaid by 6/1/2023.

Risk Management

The Area is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Area carries commercial insurance.

The Area purchases commercial insurance for general liability and automobile claims through the City of Gresham. The operations of the self-insurance program are reported in the City's Liability Management Fund, an Internal Service Fund. Operating resources for the year consist mainly of charges to other funds and interest income. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

The Area and all funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the internal service fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for losses. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). IBNR claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payouts) and other economic and social factors.

The City currently provides for estimated losses to be incurred from pending claims and for IBNR claims. Changes in the claims liability amount during the current and two prior fiscal years for the Area are not available.

Related Party Transactions

The City provides services for the Area, including administration, program management, design, engineering, financial, legal, and clerical functions. The Area operates exclusively using contracted employees from the City. The Area paid \$1,755,482 to the City for services, reimbursement for personnel, materials, supplies and a proportionate share of City internal services, during the year. No future commitments to the City have been agreed upon.

The Area issued \$6.7 million of Notes Payable which were purchased by the City during fiscal 2015. During fiscal 2019, the Area repaid \$824,252 in principal along with \$124,000 in interest. The terms were a reasonable approximation of market conditions at the time of issuance. See the Long-Term Debt note referring to the June 1, 2015 issuance.

In 2017 the Area reached an agreement with the City of Gresham to provide a revolving note allowing the Area to make draws as needed. For a more detailed explanation including limitations, see the Long-Term Debt note. In February 2018, the Area made it's first draw of \$1 million at an interest rate of 3.50%. During fiscal 2019, the Area made \$7.7 million in draws at 3.50%.

Subsequent Events

The Gresham Redevelopment Commission issued additional debt on the 2017 GRDC Revolving Note for the support of on-going project and administrative expenses. On August 28, 2019 debt in the principal amount of \$500,000 was issued at interest rate of 2.19% and on November 14, 2019 in the principal amount of \$500,000 at an interest rate of 2.36%.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Rockwood UR Capital Projects Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Variance With Final Budget-		
	Original Budget		Fi	nal Budget		Actual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	_								
Intergovernmental	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(2,000,000)	
Charges for services		511,800		511,800		61,261		(450,539)	
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000		21,702		9,702	
Total revenues		2,523,800		2,523,800		82,963		(2,440,837)	
EXPENDITURES									
Other materials and services		14,425,700		14,425,700		8,314,000		6,111,700	
Operating contingency		500,000		500,000				500,000	
Total expenditures		14,925,700	-	14,925,700		8,314,000		6,611,700	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(12,401,900)	_	(12,401,900)		(8,231,037)		4,170,863	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Issuance of debt		14,397,300		14,397,300		7,700,000		(6,697,300)	
Total other financing sources		14,397,300		14,397,300		7,700,000		(6,697,300)	
Net change in fund balances		1,995,400		1,995,400		(531,037)		(2,526,437)	
Fund balances - beginning		528,400		528,400		621,859		93,459	
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,523,800	\$	2,523,800	\$	90,822	\$	(2,432,978)	
Harris Review Anna American						00			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						93			
Fund balances - generally accepted					•	00.04-			
accounting principles basis, ending					\$	90,915			

Budgetary Basis—The basis of budgeting for all funds is similar to the modified accrual basis of accounting. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department, as well as non-operating functions such as debt service and interfund transfers, are the legal level of control. The budgetary comparison schedules report Final Budget and Actual balances at the legal level of control to demonstrate compliance with Oregon budget law.

Other Supplementary Information

Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Rockwood UR Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget			nal Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	Original Budget			nai Baaget		Autuui	1 00111	ve (Negative)	
Taxes	\$	5,198,900	\$	5,198,900	\$	5,356,124	\$	157,224	
Federal Subsidy - Build America Bonds	Ψ	49,900	Ψ	49.900	Ψ	50.435	Ψ	535	
Miscellaneous		118,000		118,000		271,698		153,698	
Total revenues		5,366,800		5,366,800		5,678,257		311,457	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt service		8,732,200		8,732,200		5,808,571		2,923,629	
Total expenditures		8,732,200		8,732,200		5,808,571		2,923,629	
Total experiations		0,702,200		0,732,200		3,000,071		2,323,023	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(3,365,400)		(3,365,400)		(130,314)		3,235,086	
Net change in fund balances		(3,365,400)		(3,365,400)		(130,314)		3,235,086	
Fund balances - beginning		7,865,700		7,865,700		11,186,110		3,320,410	
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,500,300	\$	4,500,300	\$	11,055,796	\$	6,555,496	
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						57,759			
Fund balances - generally accepted accounting principles basis, ending					\$	11,113,555			

Audit Comments and Disclosures Required by State Regulations

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



Gresham Redevelopment Commissioners Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area A component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon Gresham, Oregon

1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area ("Area"), (a component unit of the City of Gresham, Oregon) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Area's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 to 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Area was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

Management of the Area is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Area's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Area's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Area's internal control over financial reporting.



A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Commissioners and management of the Rockwood-West Gresham Urban Renewal Area and the Secretary of State, Audits Division, of the State of Oregon and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

ISLER CPA

By: Gatlin Hawkins, CPA, a member of the firm

Hallin Hawken

Eugene, Oregon January 27, 2020